

Interest rates & loan structuring strategies.

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Interest rates – Bank of Canada rate

- High of 21.08% in August 1981
- Low of 0.25% in April 2009
- Today: 1.75%
- Projections...

	2019				2020			
Quarter	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Rate	2.00%	2.25%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%

Source: BMO Economics

• This means Prime rate would be 4.70% by the end of 2019 and 4.95% by the end of 2020



Interest rates – Prime rate

- Pre-recession July 2007: 6.25%
- Low of 2.25% in April 2009
- Today: 3.95%
- Long-term average of +/- 6.5%
- Projections...

	2019			2020				
Quarter	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Rate	4.20%	4.20%	4.45%	4.45%	4.45%	4.95%	4.95%	4.95%

• We've come a long way!



Loan options – what do they mean?

- Variable rate loans
 - Based on Prime
 - Interest rate varies over the life of the loan
 - "Open" facilities that allow pay-downs
- Fixed rate loans
 - Based on the bank's cost of capital
 - Interest rates are locked in for the term of the loan
 - Limited ability to pay-down principal outside of scheduled payments
- Bankers Acceptances
- Interest Rate Swaps

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Loan options – the basics

- Variable rate loans
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Loan options – what does it mean? An example...

 Variable interest rate loans will get more costly over the next two years

	Last Year	Today	2020
Prime + 0.50%	3.45%	4.45%	5.45%

• There was, and still is, incentive to lock in interest rates for a longer period of time

	Last Year	Today
1-Year term	3.14%	4.35%
3-Year term	3.45%	4.60%
5-Year term	3.71%	4.85%

For illustrative purposes



What it all means...

- Moving forward we will continue to see interest rate increases; it is beneficial to have the discussions with respect to locking in longer terms for loans
- Locking-in rates for different time periods brings certainty to cash flows and helps manage interest rate risk
 - This could be a portion for 1 Year, 3 Years, and 5 Years
- The world around us continues to change agricultural producers are experts at adapting and will manage increases in borrowing costs



Questions and Comments

Adam Vervoort National Director BMO Agriculture Services adam.vervoort@bmo.com (416) 254-4616

